Part No.: BSL100-B

Date Released: July 6, 2015

PRODUCT NAME(S): BioSeal[®] 10.0 Black, B Side

SECTION 1 – IDENTIFICATION

Manufacturer's Info: **Rhino Linings Corporation** 9747 Businesspark Avenue San Diego, CA 92131

Product name: **Product Category: Recommended Use:**

BioSeal 10.0 Black, Part B Polyurethane Resin Blend For 2 component SPF

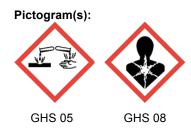
Information phone: (858) 450 0441 Emergency contact: CHEMTREC (800) 424 9300

SECTION 2 - HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION

OSHA Hazard Communication Standard:

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

GHS-Label Elements: Signal Word: DANGER



Classification of the substance or mixture:

Hazard Class	Category	Hazard Statement Codes	Hazard Statements
Acute Toxicity, Oral	4	H302	Harmful if swallowed
Acute Toxicity, Dermal	5	H313	May be harmful in contact with skin
Skin corrosion / irritation	1A-1C	H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
Serious eye damage / Eye irritation	2B	H320	Causes eye irritation.

Precautionary Statements:

Prevention:	P280	Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing / eye protection/ face protection.
	P264	Wash exposed area with plenty of water and soap thoroughly after handling.
	P270	Do not eat, drink, and smoke when using this product.
	P260	Do not breathe mist, vapors, spray.
	P273	Avoid release to the environment.
Response:	P301 + P330 + P331	IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.
	P303 + P361 + P352	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Wash with plenty
		of soap and water.
	P304 + P340	IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
	P305 + P351 + P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present
		and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
	P310	Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
	P314	Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
	P332 + P313	If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
	P363	Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
Storage:	P405	Store locked up.
Disposal:	P501	Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point.

	SECTION 3 – COMPOSIT	ION / INFORMATION ON INC	GREDIENTS
Components	CAS#	EC #	Concentration %
Polyether Polyol	52019-35-9	N/A	<50%
Amine Catalyst Blend	Trade Secret	N/A	3 – 12%

SECTION 4 – FIRST-AID MEASURES

Description of First Aid measures:

Inhalation:

Immediate medical attention required. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person should be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Skin:Immediate medical attention required. Call a poison center or physician. Chemical burns must be treated
promptly by a physician or dermatologist. Wash material off of the skin with plenty of soap and water for at least
15 minutes.
Remove contaminated clothing and shoes immediately and wash them before reuse.

Eye: Immediate medical attention required. Call a poison center or physician. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician or ophthalmologist. Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes, especially under the eyelids. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for at least 15 minutes. Do not rub eyes in order to prevent cornea injury.

Ingestion: Immediate medical attention required. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Remove dentures if any. If the exposed person is conscious, rinse mouth with water and then give plenty of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Never induce vomiting or give anything by mouth if the victim is unconscious or having convulsions.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed:

See Section 11.

General advice for First Aid responders:

No action should be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If potential for exposure exist refer to Section 8 for specific personal protective equipment. Show this SDS to physician.

Note to physician: Antidote: Specific antidotes or neutralizers do not exist. Treatment should be supportive and based on the judgment of the physician in response to the reaction of the patient. Recommended medical monitoring for at least 24 hours.

SECTION 5 – FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media: Water fog or fine spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide fire extinguishers.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: Direct water stream may cause frothing, splattering of burning material and spreading of fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical: Material may be ignited only if preheated to high temperatures (such in fire conditions). Fire in vicinity poses risk of pressure build-up and rupture. Containers at risk from fire should be cooled with water and, if possible, removed from the danger area. Hazardous Combustion products: Carbon dioxide, Carbon monoxide, nitrogen oxides, lower molecular weight organic molecules.

Special Protective Equipment and Precautions for fire-fighters: Wear NIOSH or OSHA approved self-contained breathing apparatus in positive pressure mode with full face piece and full protective gear. Isolate the scene by removing all persons from the incident area. No action should be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Spilled product will cause very slippery walking surfaces.

SECTION 6 – ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: For non-emergency personnel: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Ensure adequate ventilation/exhaust extraction. Avoid breathing vapors or mist during clean up. Use protective equipment as described in Section 8. Do not touch or walk through spilled material; spilled material may cause a slipping hazard.

Environmental precautions: Prevent from entering into soil, ditches, sewers, waterways and/or groundwater. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution. Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. See Section 12.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up: Remove mechanically; cover the remainder with non-combustible absorbent material (e.g. sawdust, sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth). After approximately one hour, transfer into properly labeled chemical waste containers. Cover container, but do not seal, and remove from work area. Keep in a well ventilated area. Wash the spill site with soap and water.

For major spills: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or contain and collect with an absorbent material as described in the previous paragraph.

Residues from spill cleanup may continue to be regulated under provisions of RCRA and require storage and disposal as hazardous waste. For major spills, see Section 1 for the Emergency contact; for further disposal measures, see Section 13.

SECTION 7 – HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling: Protect chemical from atmospheric moisture. Avoid prolonged exposure to heat and air. Keep away from sources of ignition. Do not reseal if contamination is suspected.

Use adequate ventilation to keep airborne levels below the exposure limits. Do not breathe vapors and mists. Wear respiratory protection if material is heated, mixed, sprayed or used in a confined space. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Wear appropriate eye and skin protection. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Hands and/or face should be washed before eating, drinking and smoking and at the end of the shift. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities: Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Protect it against physical damage and moisture. Normal temperature and pressures do not affect the material. Keep liquid away from heat, sparks and flame. Do not cut, drill, grind, weld or perform similar operations on or near containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Storage stability: Stable under normal conditions. **Storage temperature:** 60 - 90°F (16 – 32°C)

Employee education and training in the safe use and handling of this product are required under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200. Employees and consumers should be warned of health risks associated with product use. See Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

SECTION 8 – EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control Parameters/Occupational exposure limit values: Not available for mixture. Results for components:

ISA.	

Components	CAS #	OSHA PEL	ACGIH TWA	NIOSH
Amine Catalyst Blend	Trade Secret	None	TLV: 0.05 ppm STEL: 0.15 ppm	No data

Appropriate engineering controls: Good local and general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants below recommended exposure limits. Local exhaust may be required in some areas.

Personal protective equipment:

Eye/face protection:

When directly handling liquid product, eye protection is required. Examples of eye protection include safety glasses and goggles or full face shield when there is a greater risk of splash. Contact lenses should not be worn when working with chemicals.

Skin/body protection:

Avoid contact with skin. Impervious gloves (nitrile butyl rubber, neoprene and PVC) should be worn always when working with this product. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact. Dispose contaminated gloves after use in accordance with good laboratory practices. Body should be covered with appropriate clothing (apron, arm covers or full body suit) depending on the task being performed and the risks involved. Protective clothing should be selected and used in accordance with "Guidelines for the Selection of Chemical Protective Clothing" published by ACGIH.

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Store work clothing separately. Appropriate footwear should be also selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved.

Respiratory protection:

Use local or general ventilation to control exposures below applicable exposure limits. When ventilation is inadequate, use either an atmosphere supplying respirator or NIOSH or OSHA approved air-purifying respirator for organic vapors. Respirator

must be properly fitted and its selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Additional Protective Measures: Educate and train employees in safe handling of this product. Follow all label instructions. As a general hygiene practice, wash hands and face after use. Emergency eyewash fountains and safety shower should be in close proximity as a matter of good practice.

SECTION 9 – PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES			
Amber Liquid – with Black Pigment			
Ammonia-like			
Not available			
10			
< - 30°C (<-22°F) becomes highly viscous at low temperatures			
Decomposed before boiling			
Closed cup: >185°C (365°F)			
Negligible			
Not available			
1.09 @ 25°C (77°F)			
partially soluble			
Not available			
>200°C (392°F)			
>200°C (392°F)			
750 - 1300 cP @ 25°C (77°F)			

*Where data are not known for mixture, they are stated for components, if available.

SECTION 10 – STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity:

Hazardous Polymerization: Product will not undergo hazardous polymerization.

Corrosion to metals: Corrosive effects to metal are not anticipated.

Oxidizing properties: Based on its structural properties the product is not classified as oxidizing.

Formation of flammable gases: Does not form flammable gases in the presence of water.

Chemical stability: Stable under recommended storage conditions. Product is hygroscopic; contamination with moisture will negatively affect product performance. Avoid unintended contact with isocyanates; the reaction will generate heat.

Conditions to avoid: Unintentional contact with moisture, excessive heat, open flame and sparks. Avoid mist formation.

Incompatible materials: Strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous decomposition products: Depend upon temperature, air supply and presence of other materials. Can include, but are not limited to carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, alcohols, ethers, ketones, hydrocarbons, polymer fragments.

SECTION 11 – TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION			
Acute Toxicity:	Expected to be a low hazard for usual industrial or commercial handling by trained personnel.		
Likely Routes of Exposure:	Skin contact. Eye contact.		
Eye:	Causes serious eye damage.		
Skin:	Causes skin irritation.		
Ingestion:	Not an expected route of exposure. Expected to be a low ingestion hazard.		
Inhalation:	Not an expected route of exposure. Not an expected route of exposure. No adverse effects due to inhalation are expected.		

Calculated overall chemical acute toxicity values for this formulation:

Calculated overall Chemical Acute Toxicity Values				
LC50 (inhalation) LD50 (oral rat) LD50 (dermal rabbit)				
No Data Available	>1,370 mg/kg	>12,800 mg/kg		



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DELAYED, IMMEDIATE, AND CHRONIC EFFECTS OF SHORT- AND LONG-TERM EXPOSURE

Skin Corrosion/Irritation:	Causes skin irritation category 2
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation:	Causes serious eye damage, category 1
Respiratory Sensitization:	no data
Skin Sensitization:	no data
Symptoms and Target Organs:	Causes severe eye damage. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and
Chronic Health Effects: Carcinogenicity:	blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. No chronic health effects known. This product is not classified as a carcinogen.

Material	OSHA(O)	ACGIH(G)	NTP(N)	IARC(I)
Formaldehyde	Yes	A1	Yes	1
Diethanolamine	Not listed	No data	Not Listed	2B

SOURCE AGENCY CARCINOGEN CLASSIFICATIONS:

OSHA (O) = Occupational Safety and Health Administration

Yes = Expected to be carcinogenic not listed = Not expected to be carcinogenic

ACGIH (G) = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

A1 =Confirmed human carcinogen

A2 =Suspected human carcinogen

- A3 =Animal carcinogen
- A4 =Not classifiable as a human carcinogen

A5 =Not suspected as a human carcinogen not listed = Not expected to be carcinogenic **<u>NTP (N)</u>** =National Toxicology Program 1 =Known to be a carcinogen

2 = Reasonably anticipated to be a carcinogen

not listed = Not expected to be carcinogenic

IARC (I) =International Agency for Research on Cancer 1 =Carcinogenic to humans 2A =Probably carcinogenic to humans 2B =Possibly carcinogenic to humans 3 =Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans

4 =Probably not carcinogenic to humans

not listed = Not expected to be carcinogenic

Mutagenicity:

No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic. **Reproductive Toxicity:**

No data

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT):

Single Exposure: Repeated Exposure: Not classified as an STOT - Single Exposure. Not classified as an STOT - Repeated Exposure.

Aspiration Toxicity:

Based on available data, this product is not expected to cause aspiration toxicity.

Other Information:

Not available.

SECTION 12 – ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Do not discharge product into the environment.

Assessment of aquatic toxicity:	Toxic to aquatic organisms.
Assessment of terrestrial toxicity:	No data available.
Persistence and degradability:	No data available.
Bioaccumulative potential:	No data available.
Mobility in soil:	No data available.
Other adverse effects:	No data available.

SECTION 13 – DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Product Disposal: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. If product becomes a waste, it does not meet criteria of hazardous waste as defined in 40 CFR 261, Subpart C and D. Do not discharge into sewer system. Spill cleanup residues may still be subject to RCRA storage and disposal requirements. Dispose waste in compliance with local, state and federal regulations via licensed waste disposal contractor.

Container disposal: Even after emptying, container may retain residues. Empty containers should be completely drained and safely stored until appropriately reconditioned or disposed through licensed contractor in accordance with government regulation.

This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way.

SECTION 14 – TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Land Transport (US DOT): Not regulated Land Transport (Canadian TDG): Land Transport (European ADR/RID): Marine Transport (IMDG/IMO): Air Transport (ICAO/IATA):

Not regulated Not regulated Not regulated Not regulated

SECTION 15 – REGULATORY INFORMATION

U.S. Regulations:

U.S. OSHA (Occupational Safety and Health Administration) Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050): Components of this product is present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA.

CERCLA Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 302): None reportable.

SARA 311/312: Acute health hazard.

SARA 313: Formaldehyde CAS# 50-00-0, Diethanolamine CAS# 111-42-2

US State Regulations STATE RIGHT-TO-KNOW: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or other reproductive harm. (California Health and Safety Code Section 25249.6). [Diethanolamine, Formaldehyde]

Canadian Regulations DSL: All components of this product are listed on, or exempt from the DSL. WHMIS: Class D2B (skin or eye irritation).

International Inventories* United States: All components of this product are listed on the TSCA inventory. Japan: All components of this product are listed on the ENCS.

*Although a chemical may be listed on a country's inventory, it may not indicate a hazard or regulatory control for use.

NFPA rating:	Health: 3	Fire: 1	Reactivity: 0	Special: 0
HMIS rating:	Health: 3	Flammability: 1	Physical Hazard: 0	

SECTION 16 – OTHER INFORMATION

Abbreviation Meaning	
GHS Globally harmonized System	
CAS Chemical Abstracts Services	
EPA Environmental Protection Agency	
OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Administration	
ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists	
NIOSH National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health	
PEL Permissible Exposure Limits	
TLV Threshold Limit Value	
REL Recommended Exposure Limit	
TWA Time-Weighted Average	
STEL Short-term exposure limit	
OES Occupational exposure standard	
DNEL Derived No Effect Level	
MAK Maximale Arbeitsplatz-Konzentration (maximum workplace concentration)	
TRGS Technische Regeln fur Gefahrstoffe (regulatory limits)	
IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer	
NTP National Toxicology Program	
COD Chemical Oxygen Demand	
BOD Biological Oxygen Demand	
PACs Polycyclic Aromatic Compounds	
PAH Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbon Content	
DOT Department of Transportation	
IMDG International maritime dangerous goods code	
IATA, ICAO International Air Transport Association, International Civil Aviation Organiza	ation
EPCRA Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act	
SARA State Authorization Reciprocity Agreements	
DSL Domestic Substance List	
WHMIS Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System	
TDG Transport of Dangerous Goods	
HCS Hazard Communication Standard	

CEPACenter for European Policy AgreementsEINECSEuropean Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical SubstancesCPRControlled Products Regulations

Latest revision date: July 6, 2015 – Preparation of SDS in accordance to the GHS requirements **Date of the previous revision**: April 21, 2014

Disclaimer: The data set forth in this sheet are based on information provided by the suppliers of the raw materials and chemicals used in the manufacture of the aforementioned product. Rhino Linings Corporation makes no warranty with respect to the accuracy of the information provided by their suppliers, and disclaims all liability of reliance thereof.